(Rev. January 2003)

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

Print or type Specific instructions on page 2.	Name DANIJELA TUROVIC
	Business name, If different from above 6 8 5 Expedited
	Check appropriate box: ☐ Sole proprietor ☐ Corporation ☐ Partnership ☐ Other ► ☐ Exempt from backup withholding
	Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.) 2707 W. Wa.Shington BIVD Requester's name and address (optional)
	Bellwood IL. 60104
See	List account number(s) here (optional)
Par	Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)
Flowever, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or dissegurated entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see How to get a TiN on page 3. Note: If the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose number to enter. Part II Certification	
	r penalties of perjury, I certify that:
	he number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me), and
2. I R	am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Interhal evenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has obtified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, and
3. 1	am a U.S. person (including a U.S. resident alien).
For n	fication instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup olding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply, nortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement gement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the Certification, but you must de your correct TIN. (See the instructions on page 4.)
Sign Hen	
Dani	mosa of Form

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS, must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an ISA. contributions you made to an IRA.

U.S. person. Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident elien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

- Certify that the TiN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
- Certify that you are not subject to-backup withholding,
- Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee.

Note: If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person, use the appropriate Form W-8 (see Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of knoome. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the recipient has otherwise become a U.S. resident afien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement that specifies the following five

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
 - The treaty article addressing the income.
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- 4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- 5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.